

## **CHEMICAL WASTE GUIDELINE**

## Non-Halogenated Solvents in Laboratories

Examples: Acetonitrile, Ethyl Alcohol, Isopropyl Alcohol, Methanol, Xylenes, Toluene, Ethyl Ether

Identification	Description Classification	Non-Halogenated Solvents are commonly used in many laboratories at Temple University (TU) as part of their research and clinical activities. A Non-Halogenated Solvent is an organic compound in which it does not have a halogen (fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine) attached to it. It is important to keep Non-Halogenated and Halogenated solvents separated when possible. Water content should be <25%.  Regulated Chemical Waste	
	Potential Hazards	Refer to chemical specific Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for specific hazard information.	
Waste Minimization	Opportunities	<ul> <li>Water content should not exceed 25% and do not mix with other waste streams.</li> <li>Reduce the scale of chemical processes or experiments. The use of microscale techniques and specially designed lab glassware in chemistry promotes waste minimization and pollution prevention.</li> <li>Reuse spent solvents for initial cleaning, use fresh solvents for final cleaning.</li> <li>Replace solvent-based inks in printing operation with soy-based ink.</li> <li>Use Paraclear instead of Xylene</li> </ul>	
	The following supplies are available through Environmental Health and Radiation Safety (EHRS). To order these		
Supplies		707-2520 or complete the online Chemical waste request form	
	Supply	Description	
	CALMADAR PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Temple University "Hazardous Waste Tag"  The Temple University Hazardous Waste Tag must be affixed on all waste containers used to collect non-halogenated waste.	
		Spent Non-Halogenated Solvent waste <b>must</b> be collected in a closed container. The following containers may be used:  • 5-gallon white plastic carboy  • 4-liter white poly bottle	

SAA Management	Accumulation Limits	A maximum of 30 gallons of Non-Halogenated Solvent waste may be accumulated in a laboratory (Satellite Accumulation Area (SAA)).
	Personal Protective Equipment	EYE PROTECTION CHEMICAL GLOVES LONG PANTS  CLOSED TOED SHOES ARE REQUIRED
		<b>Note:</b> Always refer to glove manufacturer for chemical specific glove type.
	Collection Procedures	<ul> <li>Select an appropriate waste collection container.</li> <li>All commingling of Non-Halogenated solvent waste must be conducted in an operating chemical fume hood.</li> <li>Refer to chemical labels or Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for incompatibilities</li> <li>Keep container closed when not adding waste.</li> <li>Do Not Overfill - Leave a 1"headspace.</li> <li>Begin to complete the hazardous waste tag as soon as any material is placed in the selected container.</li> </ul>
	Storage	<ul> <li>Collection containers must be stored in designated Satellite Accumulation Areas.</li> <li>Collection container must be properly segregated and stored in secondary containment.</li> <li>Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Store the collection container so that the hazardous waste tag is clearly visible.</li> </ul>
Disposal	Removal	<ul> <li>Complete the TU Hazardous Waste Tag. Ensure that the:         <ul> <li>Generator information is accurate.</li> <li>Applicable Waste Stream is checked - Non-Halogenated Solvents</li> <li>Applicable Hazards are identified- Flammable, Poison</li> <li>All chemical constituents and amounts (%) are included on the tag.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make sure that the tag is affixed to the container and the container lid is closed tight.</li> <li>When the container becomes 3/4 full, request a waste collection from EHRS by:         <ul> <li>Completing the online chemical waste collection request form.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Special Collection Request	Contact EHRS to arrange for large collections of spent Non-Halogenated Solvents or containers of spent Non-Halogenated Solvents.
Other	Breakage/ Leakage	Contain the leak and soak up with inert absorbent material. Place all spill pads, absorbent in a sealed bag and tag it as hazardous waste. Request disposal through EHRS.
	Emergencies	In the event of an emergency – Call campus safety at (215) 214-1234.  EHRS [(215) 707-2520] should also be notified of the incident.  Direct contact – Flush contaminated area with copious amounts of water (eyewash or safety shower) and then seek medical attention.  Spill – Refer to the spill management sheet for general spill cleanup. Contact EHRS for additional assistance or guidance.
	Questions	<b>Fire</b> – ABC dry powder fire extinguisher should be adequate.  Contact Environmental Health and Radiation Safety (EHRS) at (215) 707-2520